

Part IV
**Statistics on
Exclusion
in India**

A consistent finding across the range of public goods and excluded groups looked at in this report is the lack of reliable, timely and sufficiently disaggregated data on access to public goods and related human development outcomes. This part of the report attempts to collate relevant statistics on exclusion in India, relying almost exclusively on official sources — the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO), Census of India and data from government ministries and departments.

Table 1 provides basic demographic information on the major excluded groups covered in the report, namely, women, Dalits, Adivasis, Muslims and persons with disabilities. Tables 2 to 11 collate statistics relating to key public goods and human development outcomes disaggregated by the excluded groups. Tables 12 to 25 present similar data disaggregated by states and union territories (UTs). Detailed references for all of these tables are provided at the end of this section.

Looking at the tables, some of the shortcomings of currently available statistics become clearly apparent. While there is some data available for women, Dalits and Adivasis, there is extremely limited statistical data for persons with disabilities, and to a lesser extent, for Muslims and other minorities. The range of indicators available disaggregated for States and UTs is relatively better, but timely statistics for crucial public goods like health are still not available. Data for UTs is often patchy and unreliable. It is also important to note that these tables only provide information for indicators currently being tracked by the government, saying nothing about the many indicators for which data is either not collected, or is not available with sufficient level of disaggregation. Many such areas have been discussed in the different chapters of this report. Moreover, only the latest available data is presented in these tables, since comparable and disaggregated time series data is difficult to collate for many of these indicators.

Addressing the shortcomings in statistical data highlighted in this report and the tables that follow can be a useful first step in aiding efforts to reliably track exclusion of disadvantaged groups from public goods and evaluate the success of government efforts to deal with such exclusions.

In all the tables, instances where data is either unavailable or has not been published are denoted by ‘NA’ refers to data that is unavailable or unpublished. ‘-’ refers to data that is not applicable.

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1. Demographic Indicators of Excluded Groups in India (Across States and Union Territories)

	Total Population (2011)	Share of Total Population (%)										
		By Gender		By Group					By Age			
		Men	Women	Dalits	Adivasis	Muslims*	Minorities*	Persons with Disabilities	0-6 yrs	0-17 yrs	18-59 yrs	60+ yrs
India	1,210,854,977	51.5	48.5	16.6	8.6	13.4	19.5	2.2	13.6	36.7	54.4	8.6
Rural	833,748,852	51.3	48.7	18.5	11.3	NA	NA	2.2	14.6	38.9	52.0	8.8
Urban	377,106,125	51.8	48.2	12.6	2.8	NA	NA	2.2	11.5	31.8	59.6	8.1
Andhra Pradesh	84,580,777	50.2	49.8	16.4	7.0	9.2	10.9	2.7	10.8	31.3	58.0	9.8
Arunachal Pradesh	1,383,727	51.6	48.4	NA	68.8	1.9	64.5	1.9	15.3	42.6	52.7	4.6
Assam	31,205,576	51.1	48.9	7.2	12.4	30.9	35.1	1.5	14.9	38.7	54.6	6.7
Bihar	104,099,452	52.1	47.9	15.9	1.3	16.5	16.7	2.2	18.4	45.6	46.6	7.4
Chhattisgarh	25,545,198	50.2	49.8	12.8	30.6	2.0	5.3	2.4	14.3	38.2	53.9	7.8
Delhi	16,787,941	53.5	46.5	16.8	NA	11.7	18.0	1.4	12.0	33.0	60.1	6.8
Goa	1,458,545	50.7	49.3	1.7	10.2	6.8	33.7	2.3	9.9	26.2	62.4	11.2
Gujarat	60,439,692	52.1	47.9	6.7	14.8	9.1	10.8	1.8	12.9	34.6	57.1	7.9
Haryana	25,351,462	53.2	46.8	20.2	NA	5.8	11.8	2.2	13.3	36.0	55.2	8.7
Himachal Pradesh	6,864,602	50.7	49.3	25.2	5.7	2.0	4.6	2.3	11.3	31.4	58.2	10.2
Jammu & Kashmir	12,541,302	53.0	47.0	7.4	11.9	67.0	70.4	2.9	16.1	39.8	52.7	7.4
Jharkhand	32,988,134	51.3	48.7	12.1	26.2	13.8	31.3	2.3	16.3	41.9	50.6	7.1
Karnataka	61,095,297	50.7	49.3	17.1	7.0	12.2	15.9	2.2	11.7	31.7	58.8	9.5
Kerala	33,406,061	48.0	52.0	9.1	1.5	24.7	43.8	2.3	10.4	28.2	59.2	12.6
Madhya Pradesh	72,626,809	51.8	48.2	15.6	21.1	6.4	8.8	2.1	14.9	39.6	52.4	7.9
Maharashtra	112,374,333	51.8	48.2	11.8	9.4	10.6	19.5	2.6	11.9	32.1	57.6	9.9
Manipur	2,855,794	50.4	49.6	3.4	40.9	8.8	53.9	1.9	13.1	36.2	56.5	7.0
Meghalaya	2,966,889	50.3	49.7	0.6	86.1	4.3	86.4	1.5	19.2	46.5	48.6	4.7
Mizoram	1,097,206	50.6	49.4	0.1	94.4	1.1	96.4	1.4	15.4	38.5	55.2	6.3
Nagaland	1,978,502	51.8	48.2	NA	86.5	1.8	92.3	1.5	14.7	41.5	53.3	5.2
Odisha	41,974,218	50.5	49.5	17.1	22.8	2.1	5.6	3.0	12.6	34.3	55.9	9.5
Punjab	27,743,338	52.8	47.2	31.9	NA	1.6	63.0	2.4	11.1	31.5	58.0	10.3
Rajasthan	68,548,437	51.9	48.1	17.8	13.5	8.5	11.2	2.3	15.5	41.0	51.1	7.5
Sikkim	610,577	52.9	47.1	4.6	33.8	1.4	38.9	3.0	10.5	33.7	59.4	6.7
Tamil Nadu	72,147,030	50.1	49.9	20.0	1.1	5.6	11.8	1.6	10.3	28.6	60.9	10.4
Tripura	3,673,917	51.0	49.0	17.8	31.8	8.0	14.3	1.8	12.5	33.4	58.6	7.9
Uttar Pradesh	199,812,341	52.3	47.7	20.7	0.6	18.5	19.3	2.1	15.4	42.7	48.8	7.7
Uttarakhand	10,086,292	50.9	49.1	18.8	2.9	11.9	15.0	1.8	13.4	37.7	53.2	8.9
West Bengal	91,276,115	51.3	48.7	23.5	5.8	25.2	27.5	2.2	11.6	32.9	58.5	8.5
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	380,581	53.3	46.7	NA	7.5	8.2	30.5	1.7	10.7	29.5	63.7	6.7
Chandigarh	1,055,450	55.0	45.0	18.9	NA	3.9	21.4	1.4	11.3	30.7	62.9	6.4
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	343,709	56.4	43.6	1.8	52.0	3.0	6.4	1.0	14.8	36.4	59.4	4.0
Daman & Diu	243,247	61.8	38.2	2.5	6.3	7.8	10.3	0.9	11.1	27.5	67.7	4.7
Lakshadweep	64,473	51.4	48.6	NA	94.8	95.5	96.3	2.5	11.3	30.9	60.8	8.2
Puducherry	1,247,953	49.1	50.9	15.7	NA	6.1	13.2	2.4	10.6	28.7	61.5	9.7

* Population estimates for Muslims and minorities are from Census of India 2001.

2. Educational Achievement and Access (Across Groups)

	2011	2009-10	2009-10		2012-13	2009-10	
	Literacy Rate-7 years and Above (%)	Literacy Rate-15 Years and Above (%)	Current Attendance Rate (%)		Drop in Enrolment from Primary to Upper Primary Level (%)	Non-Literate Households (%)	
			5-14 Yrs	15-19 Yrs		No Literate Adult Member	No Literate Adult Female Member
Overall	73.0	68.3	87.1	57.6	51.8	15.7	32.9
Men	80.9	78.6	88.2	61.5	52.2	-	-
Women	64.6	57.7	85.8	52.8	51.4	-	-
Dalits	66.1	58.5	85.2	50.7	54.4	22.4	44.2
Adivasis	59.0	55.4	81.7	46.1	58.5	27.0	46.6
Muslims	59.1*	63.7	82.3	45.3	58.9	NA	NA
Persons with Disabilities	48*	45.2 [#]	NA	NA	63.3	NA	NA

* From Census of India 2001.

From NSS 58th Round (2002).

Current Attendance Rate is the percentage of persons currently attending educational institutions for a given age group.

3. Labour Market Participation and Employment Status (Across Groups)

	2009-10									
	Labour Force Participation Rate (%)	Worker Population Ratio (%)	Unemployment Rate (%)	Employment Status in Rural Areas (%)			Employment Status in Urban Areas (%)			
				Self-Employed	Labourer	Others	Self-Employed	Wage/Salaried	Casual Labourer	Others
Overall	40.0	39.2	2.0	47.4	40.4	12.2	34.7	39.7	13.4	12.1
Men	55.7	54.6	1.97	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Women	23.3	22.8	2.15	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dalits	41.2	40.4	1.94	30.8	59.0	10.3	26.2	39.4	25.1	9.2
Adivasis	46.0	45.2	1.74	44.0	46.5	9.5	23.3	38.4	21.1	16.9
Muslims	33.8	33.1	2.07	46.3	40.7	13.0	45.5	30.4	15.5	8.6
Persons with Disabilities	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) is the share of the total population in the labour force.

Worker Population Ratio (WPR) is the share of the total population that is employed.

Unemployment Rate (UR) is the share of unemployed persons in the labour force.

LFPR, WPR and UR are calculated based on usual activity status of a person, considering both principal and subsidiary economic activities.

Data on employment status is at the household level.

4. Employment Share and Nature of Employment (Across Groups)

	2009-10							
	Employment Share (%)			Nature of Employment (% of Total Workers)				
	Agriculture	Agriculture-Related	Non-Agriculture	Informal Sector Workers	With no Written job Contract	With Temporary Employment	Not Eligible For Paid Leave	Not Eligible for Social Security
Overall	49.1	4.1	46.8	72.6	77.8	47.3	70.3	74.1
Men	45.0	2.2	52.8	72.3	78.9	46.5	70.4	73.8
Women	59.5	9.2	31.3	73.7	73.0	50.4	70.1	75.6
Dalits	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Adivasis	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Muslims	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Persons with Disabilities	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Calculations based on usual activity status of a person, considering both principal and subsidiary economic activities.

5. Quality of Housing and Access to Public Services (Across Groups)

	2011											
	Condition of Occupied Houses (%)			Houses With <i>kutcha</i> Construction (%)			Access to Drinking Water (%)		Access to Sanitation (%)			Access to Electricity (%)
	Dilapidated	Good	Liveable	Roof	Walls	Floor	Source Within Household Premises	Safe Drinking Water Source	Latrine Within Household Premises	Defecating in the Open	Open or No Drainage for Waste Water	
Overall	5.4	53.1	41.5	15.7	33.0	47.1	46.6	85.5	46.9	49.8	81.9	67.3
Women (Female-Headed households)	NA	NA	NA	16.0	34.4	44.4	45.0	83.8	48.3	47.4	81.8	70.2
Dalits	8.1	43.0	49.0	21.7	38.8	58.6	35.4	88.6	33.9	62.1	88.7	59.0
Adivasis	6.3	40.6	53.1	19.3	62.7	76.8	19.7	71.5	22.6	74.7	93.9	51.7
Muslims	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Persons with Disabilities	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

All data at the household level.

Houses with *kutcha* construction are those where the material used for construction is grass, thatch, bamboo, wood, mud, plastic, polythene or unburnt brick. Safe drinking water source includes tap, handpump or tubewell, situated within or outside the household premises.

6. Child Nutrition and Health Across Groups (Across Groups)

	2011	2005-06						
	Sex Ratio (0-6 Years)	Child Mortality (per Thousand Live Births)		Nutritional Status of Children (%)				Fully-Immunized Children (%)
		Infant Mortality Rate	Under-5 Mortality Rate	Underweight Children (Low Weight-for-age)	Stunted Children (Low Height-for-Age)	Wasted children (Low Weight-for-Height)	Anemic Children	
Overall	918	57	74	42.5	48.0	19.8	69.5	43.5
Men	-	56	70	41.9	48.1	20.5	69.0	45.3
Women	-	58	79	43.1	48.0	19.1	69.9	41.5
Dalits	933	66	88	47.9	53.9	21.0	72.2	39.7
Adivasis	957	62	96	54.5	53.9	27.6	76.8	31.3
Muslims	NA	52	70	41.8	50.3	18.4	69.7	36.3
Persons with Disabilities	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) is the number of children per thousand live births that die before their first birthday.

Under-5 Mortality Rate (U5MR) is the number of children per thousand live births that die before their fifth birthday.

7. Adult Nutrition and Health (Across Groups)

	2011	2005-06				2010-12		
	Sex Ratio (overall)	Adults with Normal Body Mass Index (%)		Adults with Any Anaemia (%)		Access to Antenatal Care (%)	Institutional Deliveries (%)	Maternal Mortality Rate (per 100,000 Live Births)
		Men	Women	Men	Women			
Overall	943	56.5	51.8	24.2	55.3	-	38.7	-
Men	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Women	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dalits	945	54.7	50.0	26.6	58.3	NA	32.9	NA
Adivasis	990	55.3	49.9	39.6	68.5	NA	17.7	NA
Muslims	936*	57.1	50.7	21.6	54.7	NA	33	NA
Persons with Disabilities	789	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Access to antenatal care refers to percentage of mothers who had at least three antenatal care visits for their last live birth.

Institutional deliveries refer to percentage of live births which took place in a health facility.

Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR) is the number of maternal deaths per 100,000 live births.

8. Crimes Against Different Groups (Across Groups)

	2012		
	Pendency Rate for Police Investigations (%)	Pendency Rate for Court Trials (%)	Conviction Rate for Court Trials (%)
All Crimes (under the Indian Penal Code)	26.1	84.6	38.5
All Crimes (under Special & Local Laws)	6.6	64.0	88.6
Women	NA	NA	NA
Dalits	26.3	83.5	23.9
Adivasis	25.4	80.9	22.5
Muslims	NA	NA	NA
Persons with Disabilities	NA	NA	NA

Pendency rate is the share of total cases pending investigation/trial at the end of the year.

Conviction rate is the share of total trials completed during the year that resulted in a conviction.

9. Representation in Prison Population and Police Force

	2012		
	Prison Convict Population (%)	Prison Undertrial Population (%)	Representation in Police Force (%)
Women	3.9	4.6	5.8
Dalits	21.8	22.4	14.0
Adivasis	13.9	13.3	10.4
Muslims	17.8	21.0	6.5
Persons with Disabilities	NA	NA	NA

10. Availability of Assets (Across Groups)

	2009-10				2011
	Size of Landholdings (% of Rural Population)				Assetless Households (%)
	Landless	≤ 1 Hectare	1.01 – 2 Hectares	> 2 Hectares	
Overall	8.3	72.6	9.7	9.5	17.8
Men	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Women (Female-Headed Households)	NA	NA	NA	NA	28.7
Dalits	8.6	83.5	4.7	3.2	22.6
Adivasis	10.1	66.4	13.0	10.5	37.3
Muslims	10.4	80.4	5.5	3.7	NA
Persons with Disabilities	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

All data is at the household level.

Assetless households are those which have none of the following assets: radio, transistor, television, computer, telephone, mobile phone, bicycle or motorized vehicle.

11. Access to Government Programmes (Across Groups)

	2012-13			
	Indira Awas Yojana		Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme	
	Houses Sanctioned (% of total)	Houses Completed (% of total)	Jobcards Issued (% of total)	Persondays of Work (% of Total)
Women	60.8	NA	NA	51.3
Dalits	35.4	34.7	21.2	22.2
Adivasis	18.5	17.0	13.7	17.8
Minorities	12.9	13.5	NA	NA
Persons with Disabilities	1.7	NA	NA	NA

12. Educational Achievement and Access (Across States and UTs)

	2011	2009-10	2009-10		2012-13	2009-10	
	Literacy Rate – 7 Years and Above (%)	Literacy Rate – 15 Years and Above (%)	Current Attendance Rate (%)		Drop in Enrolment from Primary to Upper Primary Level (%)	Non-literate Households (%)	
			5-14 Yrs	15-19 Yrs		No Literate Adult Member	No Literate Adult female Member
India	73.0	68.3	87.1	57.6	51.8	15.7	32.9
Rural	67.8	62.2	85.9	53.7	NA	19.7	40.3
Urban	84.1	83.3	91.1	68	NA	6.2	15.1
Andhra Pradesh	67.0	59.3	94.4	59.2	46.8	21.7	39.1
Arunachal Pradesh	65.4	70.1	71.5	63.3	58.0	15.3	24.7
Assam	72.2	81.5	87.6	55.3	54.3	7.3	15.2
Bihar	61.8	53.1	74.6	54.2	62.5	30.3	56.9
Chhattisgarh	70.3	69.8	88.9	73.6	44.6	17.2	32.7
Delhi	86.2	88.3	86.3	74.8	41.1	3.8	9.7
Goa	88.7	85.2	99.6	86.3	38.9	0.8	4.3
Gujarat	78.0	73.1	81.2	40.8	45.7	10.2	28.3
Haryana	75.6	71.0	91.9	64.8	45.8	9.5	29.4
Himachal Pradesh	82.8	79.4	96.5	74.4	38.6	5.8	14.6
Jammu & Kashmir	67.2	65.3	93.5	76.7	47.5	12.4	33.3
Jharkhand	66.4	56.1	77.0	56.2	57.8	29.5	51.1
Karnataka	75.4	69.1	92.9	56.3	43.9	14.7	28.5
Kerala	94.0	93.9	97.6	80.4	34.4	1.1	3.2
Madhya Pradesh	69.3	64.9	86.1	49.7	49.2	16.5	39.6
Maharashtra	82.3	79.6	94.7	67.6	42.2	7.3	18.7
Manipur	76.9	85.6	92.1	76.9	61.0	2.8	9.9
Meghalaya	74.4	94.1	91.9	68.3	61.3	0.9	2.8
Mizoram	91.3	97.2	95.3	65.5	55.3	1.6	2.7
Nagaland	79.6	91.9	97.6	85.5	56.5	0.7	3.8
Odisha	72.9	66	92.1	41.8	51.9	17.7	34.6
Punjab	75.8	72	91.8	58.2	44.8	12.9	24.2
Rajasthan	66.1	56.6	82.0	50.9	55.1	20.0	50
Sikkim	81.4	86.6	98.1	80.9	44.7	1.6	10.2
Tamil Nadu	80.1	77.3	98.5	69.8	39.3	11.8	22.3
Tripura	87.2	81.7	92.0	65.3	45.2	5.2	15.0
Uttar Pradesh	67.7	59.2	84.7	55.9	60.9	21	45.6
Uttarakhand	78.8	75.7	90.8	66.7	46.4	7.8	19.7
West Bengal	76.3	73.1	88.5	50.2	51.2	13.8	26.2
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	86.6	83.3	98.4	68.6	37.4	3.7	11.0
Chandigarh	86.0	85.7	89.0	68.7	35.7	7.2	9.9
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	76.2	65.5	68.3	23.7	38.2	13.2	32.6
Daman & Diu	87.1	94.6	92.5	70.5	45.7	1.3	5.2
Lakshadweep	91.8	87.3	100.0	80.2	24.7	0.2	4.7
Puducherry	85.8	85.3	98.7	80.9	35.7	6.4	16.2

Current Attendance Rate is the percentage of persons currently attending educational institutions for a given age group.

13. School and Teacher Quality (Across States and UTs)

	2011-12									
	Single Classroom Schools (% of Total)		Primary Schools with SCR > 30 (% of Total)	Upper Primary Schools with SCR > 35 (% of total)	Single teacher Schools (% of Total)		Enrolment in Single Teacher Schools (% of Total)		Primary Schools with PTR > 30 (% of Total)	Upper Primary Schools with PTR > 35 (% of Total)
	Primary Schools	All Schools			Primary Schools	All Schools	Primary Schools	All Schools		
India	9.0	5.8	37.2	30.6	11.0	8.3	6.3	3.8	40.9	31.1
Rural	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Urban	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Andhra Pradesh	31.1	20.7	29.0	19.2	11.7	7.8	2.9	1.5	14.0	5.8
Arunachal Pradesh	10.0	21.0	12.9	13.6	45.6	43.1	30.1	12.8	22.5	12.6
Assam	31.6	24.8	50.8	35.1	20.5	15.4	19.2	12.2	46.1	10.7
Bihar	4.7	3.2	76.2	88.9	5.3	3.6	4.1	1.9	88.4	89.0
Chhattisgarh	3.5	2.6	29.4	30.0	7.0	6.2	3.8	3.0	24.9	20.0
Delhi	0.0	0.0	63.8	35.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	62.3	32.3
Goa	21.5	14.8	16.7	17.8	33.5	23.1	7.4	2.4	12.5	15.9
Gujarat	4.7	1.8	47.9	38.7	1.9	0.8	1.0	0.2	37.7	24.2
Haryana	2.1	1.5	36.5	24.4	2.0	1.9	0.8	0.6	43.7	14.7
Himachal Pradesh	4.3	3.7	4.1	8.5	7.9	5.4	4.4	2.0	5.7	5.8
Jammu & Kashmir	19.9	11.2	10.9	10.7	14.9	7.9	11.0	2.4	7.2	5.4
Jharkhand	1.7	1.1	45.2	45.6	19.2	12.4	15.0	5.2	65.3	62.9
Karnataka	10.9	4.2	19.3	14.6	15.5	6.3	8.4	1.3	23.0	16.7
Kerala	4.2	2.3	17.0	16.4	4.4	2.3	0.7	0.2	12.2	8.7
Madhya Pradesh	4.5	3.4	32.9	31.4	16.7	14.9	12.6	9.9	47.5	43.5
Maharashtra	7.2	4.5	30.2	33.9	4.0	2.3	1.2	0.4	28.3	28.6
Manipur	2.3	1.4	15.5	14.6	15.8	10.1	11.7	3.9	21.8	17.0
Meghalaya	21.0	16.3	18.9	10.2	9.7	6.9	5.9	3.7	17.2	5.1
Mizoram	1.7	1.1	13.4	6.9	2.5	1.5	2.7	1.2	16.7	2.9
Nagaland	0.3	0.9	13.0	15.5	3.1	2.0	1.7	0.6	18.9	10.7
Odisha	7.8	5.1	33.2	30.7	12.8	7.9	8.2	4.0	39.1	28.5
Punjab	2.7	1.7	19.7	13.9	11.8	6.4	7.1	2.5	29.9	6.4
Rajasthan	4.5	2.3	25.1	19.2	31.3	15.1	25.1	6.6	39.6	25.4
Sikkim	2.1	1.2	3.8	4.4	4.9	2.8	2.3	0.5	2.2	1.5
Tamil Nadu	0.0	0.0	22.7	31.8	4.9	3.4	1.9	0.8	28.9	36.7
Tripura	5.7	3.2	26.8	35.7	3.0	1.6	2.6	0.5	14.9	13.1
Uttar Pradesh	0.8	0.8	55.1	30.7	4.5	9.0	4.3	6.6	64.1	50.4
Uttarakhand	2.7	2.0	14.3	12.4	24.0	17.4	12.4	7.0	24.7	15.0
West Bengal	13.9	12.0	49.6	58.9	3.3	3.0	1.7	1.0	38.0	29.1
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3.2	2.3	4.0	2.3	4.8	2.8	1.2	0.3	0.6	0.0
Chandigarh	0.0	0.0	65.6	58.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.0	25.4
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	11.4	7.6	54.8	73.3	37.1	24.8	20.4	4.8	67.4	67.3
Daman & Diu	0.0	0.0	46.8	48.1	3.3	1.8	1.4	0.5	42.9	28.9
Lakshadweep	0.0	0.0	19.4	7.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Puducherry	5.2	2.3	20.0	22.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.2	3.1

SCR is Student-Classroom Ratio and PTR is Pupil-Teacher Ratio.

14. School and Teacher Quality (Across States and UTs)

	2011-12										2010-11	
	Availability of Different Infrastructure Facilities in Schools (% of Total)							Contractual Teachers (% of Total)	Teachers Involved in Non-Teaching Assignments (% of Total)	Average Working Days in the Year Spent on Non-Teaching Assignments	Teachers Receiving In-Service Training (% of Total)	
	Functional Girls' toilet	Functional Boys' toilet	Drinking Water	Boundary Wall	Ramps	Library	Playground				Male	Female
India	71.1	62.9	94.1	58.2	53.4	53.9	56.1	12.2	10.1	19.0	36.1	32.0
Rural	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Urban	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Andhra Pradesh	34.9	17.5	85.4	57.2	19.6	62.6	57.5	12.5	28.8	15.0	37.1	27.0
Arunachal Pradesh	47.2	35.4	75.9	33.5	4.8	17.0	32.5	17.6	3.7	8.0	6.7	4.4
Assam	60.4	37.8	86.9	25.1	46.4	23.7	52.4	3.4	7.0	18.0	34.3	32.4
Bihar	51.7	44.5	93.0	52.7	57.5	34.8	32.2	0.2	9.6	8.0	30.1	31.5
Chhattisgarh	72.7	69.5	93.1	53.5	40.2	66.7	38.7	31.3	4.9	22.0	65.8	50.4
Delhi	98.3	98.1	100.0	98.3	65.4	86.1	80.1	1.5	6.3	17.0	18.4	11.5
Goa	74.5	69.9	99.4	74.8	40.0	80.5	49.6	4.2	14.7	32.0	40.3	41.5
Gujarat	97.9	93.4	100.0	89.0	82.0	62.3	74.0	7.4	13.8	21.0	86.6	72.5
Haryana	91.4	86.2	99.4	95.9	60.8	81.7	76.6	20.1	6.4	31.0	20.1	15.6
Himachal Pradesh	85.1	80.5	98.6	51.9	51.7	73.3	66.6	25.3	9.0	35.0	70.7	48.3
Jammu & Kashmir	43.3	36.0	79.6	31.1	12.5	46.1	36.3	17.2	17.5	19.0	23.5	12.8
Jharkhand	70.6	66.9	90.0	26.5	36.6	41.0	30.0	49.5	17.5	37.0	53.8	39.6
Karnataka	97.2	95.5	99.4	71.3	58.8	75.3	65.7	0.6	4.6	20.0	82.1	62.2
Kerala	70.5	68.4	98.3	81.9	54.4	66.8	66.4	3.2	29.5	35.0	52.0	44.8
Madhya Pradesh	72.0	65.1	97.7	45.0	55.1	45.1	56.7	2.8	23.0	12.0	31.3	19.5
Maharashtra	93.4	93.0	92.2	59.1	65.0	80.2	63.4	2.3	23.3	13.0	31.9	25.4
Manipur	81.2	79.8	94.5	31.0	6.7	24.8	56.9	9.1	11.6	13.0	9.3	7.9
Meghalaya	40.0	38.7	59.2	17.7	19.4	16.9	35.8	26.8	7.4	24.0	39.0	31.0
Mizoram	58.7	11.1	90.2	61.6	46.6	8.0	40.3	35.5	21.9	8.0	47.5	42.4
Nagaland	46.7	34.3	59.9	63.3	8.2	15.0	40.5	9.0	4.3	16.0	7.4	4.3
Odisha	29.4	20.2	94.7	62.4	46.2	27.7	29.7	32.4	4.4	29.0	28.6	27.5
Punjab	87.3	77.9	100.0	97.0	63.3	73.1	76.9	27.7	12.9	14.0	39.0	21.5
Rajasthan	94.9	91.0	93.7	79.7	56.9	52.9	46.3	5.8	49.1	13.0	23.2	20.1
Sikkim	73.9	51.2	95.7	28.8	5.2	22.4	61.9	9.2	0.9	17.0	2.7	1.8
Tamil Nadu	76.1	69.2	100.0	74.6	62.3	89.3	77.6	7.4	8.8	12.0	70.6	49.0
Tripura	48.6	29.2	74.9	13.8	56.3	41.1	60.3	2.0	21.4	19.0	27.3	24.2
Uttar Pradesh	73.1	61.5	97.9	62.4	73.3	61.9	78.2	22.2	28.1	14.0	10.5	11.7
Uttarakhand	64.2	55.8	95.2	81.0	43.5	43.4	56.9	7.1	10.5	18.0	55.3	45.0
West Bengal	52.5	41.5	97.6	35.6	47.7	16.8	32.3	10.2	5.6	23.0	35.8	28.3
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	81.0	79.2	96.1	48.6	22.0	65.4	57.7	13.3	6.5	12.0	27.8	24.7
Chandigarh	98.9	98.9	100.0	100.0	46.5	73.8	94.7	17.8	7.0	25.0	22.9	15.2
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	75.6	75.1	98.6	40.6	20.8	76.9	29.7	21.2	16.9	13.0	40.3	42.3
Daman & Diu	84.4	81.7	100.0	91.2	50.4	72.6	55.8	15.9	14.3	27.0	64.0	45.2
Lakshadweep	68.3	63.4	100.0	43.5	60.9	84.8	23.9	13.7	3.5	41.0	52.9	48.2
Puducherry	95.0	92.6	100.0	90.4	51.3	81.3	66.2	5.1	2.0	7.0	10.8	7.6

15. Labour Market Participation and Employment Status (Across States and UTs)

	2009-10									
	Labour Force Participation Rate (%)	Worker Population Ratio (%)	Unemployment Rate (%)	Employment status in rural areas (%)			Employment status in urban areas (%)			
				Self-Employed	Labourer	Others	Self-Employed	Wage/Salaried	Casual Labourer	Others
India	40.0	39.2	2.00	47.4	40.4	12.2	34.7	39.7	13.4	12.1
Rural	41.4	40.8	1.45	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Urban	36.2	35.0	3.31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Andhra Pradesh	48.3	47.6	1.45	35.0	49.6	15.5	30.1	39.8	13.8	16.3
Arunachal Pradesh	38.9	38.3	1.54	73.2	2.7	23.8	26	54.6	2.7	16.5
Assam	37.8	36.3	3.97	65.9	22.8	11.3	37.5	40.9	5.9	15.8
Bihar	28.7	28.0	2.44	47.9	41.8	10.2	49.8	16.7	10.3	23.1
Chhattisgarh	42.3	41.9	0.95	34.8	55.1	10.1	31.1	40.7	14.5	13.7
Delhi	34.0	33.1	2.65	8.0	29.6	62.3	39	50.7	0.9	9.4
Goa	35.3	33.7	4.53	21.8	17.6	60.6	22.8	61.3	6.2	9.6
Gujarat	42.9	42.4	1.17	49.5	41.0	9.4	39.5	42.6	12.2	5.7
Haryana	39.3	38.5	2.04	49.7	29.9	20.4	33.8	49.9	10.7	5.5
Himachal Pradesh	50.8	49.9	1.77	51.1	28.7	20.2	21.7	42.3	5.2	30.8
Jammu & Kashmir	42.4	41.1	3.07	57.1	18.3	24.6	39.8	43.9	8.2	8.0
Jharkhand	34.0	32.6	4.12	57	32.4	10.4	32.1	39.1	18.4	9.9
Karnataka	46.1	45.6	1.08	42.8	48.2	9.0	31.8	39.6	15.1	13.5
Kerala	40.8	37.7	7.60	32.2	43.3	24.5	28.3	28.1	25.3	18.3
Madhya Pradesh	40.7	40.3	0.98	50.5	44.0	5.5	37.8	32.5	16.2	12.9
Maharashtra	45.0	44.3	1.56	43	44.8	12.2	29.8	52.1	9.2	8.9
Manipur	36.3	34.9	3.86	76.5	4.2	19.2	55.7	29.9	2.1	12.0
Meghalaya	45.9	45.4	1.09	52.7	27.8	19.5	20.3	58.8	9.9	10.1
Mizoram	46.9	46.0	1.92	77.2	7.1	15.6	40.4	45.2	7.8	6.6
Nagaland	42.4	38.0	10.38	67.5	0.6	31.9	30.7	54.1	1.2	13.6
Odisha	41.5	40.2	3.13	48.2	35.9	16.0	31.3	38.5	14.0	16.2
Punjab	39.5	38.2	3.29	40.7	41.1	18.3	36.9	41.9	12.4	8.8
Rajasthan	41.2	40.9	0.73	64.7	27.7	7.6	40.7	35.7	11.2	12.3
Sikkim	45.5	43.7	3.96	49.3	25.1	25.6	38.6	51.3	0.2	9.8
Tamil Nadu	45.8	44.8	2.18	29.6	58.1	12.3	26.8	38.3	22.8	12.2
Tripura	42.3	37.9	10.40	46.1	38.8	15.1	34.1	34.4	11.7	19.9
Uttar Pradesh	34.0	33.5	1.47	60.7	29.4	9.8	43.5	30.2	12.7	13.5
Uttarakhand	41.5	40.7	1.93	47.4	18.3	34.3	39.4	35.8	16.2	8.6
West Bengal	39.6	38.6	2.53	40.7	50.0	9.2	38.6	37.4	12.0	12.0
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	43.5	39.9	8.28	40.3	31.2	28.4	15.8	53.2	5.1	26.0
Chandigarh	37.1	34.2	7.82	13	50.7	36.2	21.1	49.4	7.0	22.6
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	33.5	31.8	5.07	43.2	50.1	6.7	31.7	68.1	0.1	0.1
Daman & Diu	39.7	38.4	3.27	14.8	52.2	33.0	33.6	42.4	19.2	4.8
Lakshadweep	45.2	41.5	8.19	32.5	27.5	40.0	27.9	46.2	13	12.9
Puducherry	42.7	41.4	3.04	20.4	60.3	19.3	22.4	48.5	19.6	9.5

Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) is the share of the total population in the labour force.

Worker Population Ratio (WPR) is the share of the total population that is employed.

Unemployment Rate (UR) is the share of unemployed persons in the labour force.

LFPR, WPR and UR are calculated based on usual activity status of a person, considering both principal and subsidiary economic activities.

Data on employment status is at the household level.

16. Employment Share and Nature of Employment (Across States and UTs)

	2009-10							
	Employment Share (%)			Nature of employment (% of total workers)				
	Agriculture	Agriculture-Related	Non-Agriculture	Informal-Sector Workers	With No Written job Contract	With Temporary Employment	Not Eligible for Paid Leave	Not Eligible for Social Security
India	49.1	4.1	46.8	72.6	77.8	47.3	70.3	74.1
Rural	63	5	32	75.2	81.7	52.1	80.3	82.9
Urban	5.9	1.6	92.5	69.5	73.6	42	59.7	64.8
Andhra Pradesh	51.3	3.4	45.1	75.9	84.6	34.9	77	79
Arunachal Pradesh	64.8	0.9	34.3	22.7	44.2	37.2	23.5	27.6
Assam	62.7	1.4	35.9	66.9	61.9	34.6	53	56.1
Bihar	60.3	1.6	38.2	60.2	78	49.6	76.8	79
Chhattisgarh	73.8	0.3	25.9	55.8	73.5	48.2	51.1	67.9
Delhi	0	0.1	99.9	77.9	82.6	63.2	71.6	67.6
Goa	17.4	0.4	82.3	30.1	71.2	58.9	56.2	35.6
Gujarat	45.5	7.9	46.5	83.3	75.2	53.6	72.3	75.3
Haryana	31.1	13.3	55.5	74.6	82.3	52	72.1	73.5
Himachal Pradesh	54.6	5.1	40.3	48.2	66.3	24.6	66	68.9
Jammu & Kashmir	37	13	50	63.9	67.9	38.6	52.3	52.2
Jharkhand	44.2	2.2	53.6	58.5	78.2	63.6	75.5	78.2
Karnataka	53.3	2.5	44.2	74.7	81.7	39.1	64.6	73.4
Kerala	22.2	7.3	70.5	76.6	81.9	46.6	74.2	77.9
Madhya Pradesh	68	0.7	31.1	59.2	71.9	50.9	62.1	68
Maharashtra	50.2	2.2	47.6	65.8	68.2	38.9	58.6	62.9
Manipur	43.9	1.7	54.3	52.8	54.2	37.7	43.2	45.1
Meghalaya	62	0.3	37.8	48.3	69.7	20.7	53.5	57.4
Mizoram	62.7	0.5	36.9	42.7	50.3	29.6	35.7	36.3
Nagaland	62.4	1.1	36.4	42.7	23.5	19.9	28.1	29.2
Odisha	58.3	2.5	39.1	63.9	76.6	44.1	71.3	72.2
Punjab	26.1	18	55.7	78.3	82.8	58.1	70.5	76.9
Rajasthan	45.5	7.3	47.2	70.7	73.8	61	82.2	83.4
Sikkim	46.3	1.9	51.8	51.1	52.4	51.7	56.5	60
Tamil Nadu	40	4.6	55.5	76.4	83.9	43.9	74.3	76.1
Tripura	26	0.3	73.5	48.7	77.3	32.9	76.5	78
Uttar Pradesh	51.5	4.6	43.9	80.2	85.1	53	78.6	82.1
Uttarakhand	52.6	3.7	43.7	72.5	74	37.5	72.4	73.8
West Bengal	41.5	2.3	56.3	80.2	73.4	50	63.9	75.2
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	19.3	8.6	72.2	46.8	40.5	28	47.9	49.2
Chandigarh	2.4	0	97.7	50.9	84.5	49.8	49.2	57.7
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	43.4	0	56.7	45.1	53	74.1	75	42.9
Daman & Diu	28.5	20.2	51.2	59.1	98.2	10.8	57.8	56.4
Lakshadweep	12.4	24.6	62.9	52.5	44.1	44.2	43.4	49.6
Puducherry	16.1	3.3	80.8	67.8	93.9	61	59.3	59.5

Calculations based on usual activity status of a person, considering both principal and subsidiary economic activities.

17. Quality of Housing and Access to Public Services (Across States and UTs)

	2011											
	Condition of Occupied Houses (%)			Houses with Kutcha Construction (%)			Access to Drinking Water (%)		Access to Sanitation (%)			Access to Electricity (%)
	Dilapidated	Good	Liveable	Roof	Walls	Floor	Water source within Household Premises	Safe Drinking Water Source	Latrine within Household Premises	Defecating In the Open	Open or No Drainage for Waste Water	
India	5.4	53.1	41.5	15.7	33	47.1	46.6	85.5	46.9	49.8	81.9	67.3
Rural	6.5	45.9	47.6	20.6	42.7	63.3	35	82.7	30.7	67.3	94.2	55.3
Urban	2.9	68.4	28.7	5.2	12.3	12.6	71.2	91.4	81.4	12.6	55.5	92.7
Andhra Pradesh	3.5	69.7	26.8	15.6	20.8	22.0	43.2	90.5	49.6	48.0	78.5	92.2
Arunachal Pradesh	3.3	51.8	44.9	47.2	67.8	73.7	41.1	78.6	62.0	34.8	94.0	65.7
Assam	10.9	32.8	56.4	20.7	70.6	80.7	54.8	69.9	64.9	33.2	96.4	37.1
Bihar	7.4	36.1	56.6	32.2	47.4	80.5	50.1	94.0	23.1	75.8	93.3	16.4
Chhattisgarh	3.9	46.6	49.5	8.4	67.5	74.5	19	86.3	24.6	74.0	94.7	75.3
Delhi	2.8	65.8	31.4	2	2.8	2.3	78.4	95.0	89.5	3.3	40.8	99.1
Goa	1.5	76.1	22.3	1.6	13.5	16	79.7	85.7	79.7	16.4	56.3	96.9
Gujarat	1.5	67.3	31.2	2	23.7	28.3	64	90.3	57.4	40.4	62.7	90.4
Haryana	4.4	53.7	41.9	20.6	5.1	27.7	66.5	93.8	68.6	29.8	78.9	90.5
Himachal Pradesh	1.6	72.4	26.0	4.6	18.6	38.8	55.5	93.7	69.1	29.7	75.2	96.8
Jammu & Kashmir	3.9	54.1	42.0	25.8	14.0	50.0	48.2	76.8	51.2	46.1	87.5	85.1
Jharkhand	4.5	43.4	52.2	11.9	60.6	68.6	23.2	60.1	22.0	77.0	92.8	45.8
Karnataka	3.9	60.1	36.0	11.9	25.9	22	44.5	87.5	51.2	45.0	73.9	90.6
Kerala	5.3	66.3	28.4	3.4	13.7	9.8	77.7	33.5	95.2	3.8	74.8	94.4
Madhya Pradesh	4.0	52.3	43.7	10.3	53.3	70.1	23.9	78.0	28.8	70.0	90.2	67.1
Maharashtra	4.3	64.1	31.6	6.7	27.4	36.4	59.4	83.4	53.1	34.0	66.7	83.9
Manipur	4.6	54.1	41.2	17.7	75.0	80.6	16.1	45.4	89.3	8.9	96.0	68.4
Meghalaya	6.0	48.1	45.9	17	48.4	67.8	24.1	44.7	62.9	34.3	94.3	60.9
Mizoram	2.8	62.3	34.9	18.1	30	75.2	31.2	60.4	91.9	6.6	86.9	84.2
Nagaland	1.8	52.4	45.8	19.3	53.9	71.5	29.3	53.8	76.5	16.5	95.2	81.6
Orissa	8.3	29.5	62.1	34.3	53.3	62.5	22.4	75.3	22.0	76.6	95.7	43.0
Punjab	6.6	49.9	43.5	8.2	5.6	25.7	85.9	97.6	79.3	19.5	72.2	96.6
Rajasthan	3.9	51.0	45.1	14.1	25	40.1	35	78.1	35.0	64.3	89.3	67.0
Sikkim	5.4	56.5	38.0	6.8	26.5	41.9	52.6	85.3	87.2	11.3	85.4	92.5
Tamil Nadu	1.8	70.2	28.0	15.9	25.1	16.6	34.9	92.5	48.3	45.7	74.7	93.4
Tripura	5.1	54.2	40.7	12.3	80.5	79.4	37.1	67.5	86.0	11.5	96.3	68.4
Uttar Pradesh	6.6	42.8	50.6	23.8	25.3	69.8	51.9	95.1	35.7	63.0	87.2	36.8
Uttarakhand	3.4	66.8	29.7	5.1	6.7	41.1	58.3	92.2	65.8	33.1	81.0	87.0
West Bengal	11.8	40.9	47.4	14.6	47.8	59.9	38.6	92.2	58.9	38.6	90.8	54.5
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	2.2	66.5	31.3	6.2	26.7	29.7	60.6	85.5	70.1	27.5	92.6	86.1
Chandigarh	3.5	69.3	27.2	3.2	3.5	4.8	86.2	99.3	87.6	3.2	12.8	98.4
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.5	66.7	32.7	1.9	34.7	39	52.6	91.6	54.8	40.0	73.0	95.2
Daman & Diu	0.6	68.1	31.3	0.7	2.3	3.5	76.4	98.7	78.2	10.5	60.9	99.1
Lakshadweep	0.8	78.7	20.6	1.9	2	3.7	83.7	22.8	97.8	1.8	88.6	99.7
Puducherry	1.6	75.0	23.4	19.8	13.7	9.7	77.4	97.8	68.5	27.1	75.7	97.7

All data at the household level.

Houses with *kutcha* construction are those where the material used for construction is grass, thatch, bamboo, wood, mud, plastic, polythene or unburnt brick. Safe drinking water source includes tap, handpump or tubewell, situated within or outside the household premises.

18. Child Nutrition and Health (Across States and UTs)

	2011	2005-06						2012	2012-13		
	Sex Ratio (0-6 Years)	Child Mortality (Per Thousand Live Births)		Nutritional Status of Children (%)				Fully Immunized Children	Infant Mortality Rate	Under-5 Mortality Rate	Under-Weight Children (Low Weight-for-Age)
		Infant Mortality Rate	Under-5 Mortality Rate	Under Weight Children (Low Weight-for-Age)	Stunted Children (Low Height-for-Age)	Wasted children (Low Weight-for-Height)	Anemic Children				
India	918	57	74	42.5	48	19.8	69.5	43.5	42	52	33.0
Rural	923	62	82	45.6	50.7	20.7	71.5	38.6	46	58	NA
Urban	905	42	52	32.7	39.6	16.9	63	57.6	28	32	NA
Andhra Pradesh	939	54	63	32.5	42.7	12.2	70.8	46	41	43	38.7
Arunachal Pradesh	972	61	88	32.5	43.3	15.3	56.9	28.4	33	NA	5.7
Assam	962	66	85	36.4	46.5	13.7	69.6	31.4	55	75	23.6
Bihar	935	62	85	55.9	55.6	27.1	78	32.8	43	57	82.1
Chhatisgarh	969	71	90	47.1	52.9	19.5	71.2	48.7	47	55	33.2
Delhi	871	40	47	26.1	42.2	15.4	57	63.2	25	28	38.2
Goa	942	15	20	25	25.6	14.1	38.2	78.6	10	NA	19.7
Gujarat	890	50	61	44.6	51.7	18.7	69.7	45.2	38	48	27.5
Haryana	834	42	52	39.6	45.7	19.1	72.3	65.3	42	48	33.7
Himachal Pradesh	909	36	42	36.5	38.6	19.3	54.7	74.2	36	43	25.6
Jammu & Kashmir	862	45	51	25.6	35	14.8	58.6	66.7	39	43	24
Jharkhand	948	69	93	56.5	49.8	32.3	70.3	34.2	38	50	29.8
Karnataka	948	43	55	37.6	43.7	17.6	70.4	55.0	32	37	29.4
Kerala	964	15	16	22.9	24.5	15.9	44.5	75.3	12	13	25.5
Madhya Pradesh	918	70	94	60	50	35	74.1	40.3	56	73	22.5
Maharashtra	894	38	47	37	46.3	16.5	63.4	58.8	25	28	10.7
Manipur	936	30	42	22.1	35.6	9	41.1	46.8	10	NA	9.6
Meghalaya	970	45	71	48.8	55.1	30.7	64.4	32.9	49	NA	23.7
Mizoram	970	34	53	19.9	39.8	9	44.2	46.5	35	NA	23.2
Nagaland	943	38	65	25.2	38.8	13.3	NA	21.0	18	NA	0.6
Orissa	941	65	91	40.7	45	19.5	65	51.8	53	68	31.7
Punjab	846	42	52	24.9	36.7	9.2	66.4	60.1	28	34	25.6
Rajasthan	888	65	85	39.9	43.7	20.4	69.7	26.5	49	59	32.7
Sikkim	957	34	40	19.7	38.3	9.7	59.2	69.6	24	NA	3
Tamil Nadu	943	30	36	29.8	30.9	22.2	64.2	80.9	21	24	22
Tripura	957	52	59	39.6	35.7	24.6	62.9	49.7	28	NA	26.7
Uttar Pradesh	902	73	96	42.4	56.8	14.8	73.9	23.0	53	68	37.5
Uttarakhand	890	42	57	38	44.4	18.8	61.4	60.0	34	NA	16.3
West Bengal	956	48	60	38.7	44.6	16.9	61.0	64.3	32	38	27
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	968	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	24	NA	11.7
Chandigarh	880	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20	NA	27.8
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	926	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	33	NA	24.8
Daman and Diu	904	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	22	NA	35.7
Lakshwadeep	911	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	24	NA	37.5
Puducherry	967	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	17	NA	32.7

Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) is the number of children per thousand live births that die before their first birthday.
 Under-5 Mortality Rate (U5MR) is the number of children per thousand live births that die before their fifth birthday.

19. Adult Nutrition and Health (Across States and UTs)

	2011	2005-06				Access to Antenatal Care (%)	Institutional Deliveries (%)	2010-12 Maternal Mortality Rate (Per 100,000 Live Births)
	Sex Ratio (Overall)	Adults with Normal Body Mass Index (%)		Adults with Any Anemia (%)				
		Men	Women	Men	Women			
India	943	56.5	51.8	24.2	55.3	52.0	38.7	767
Rural	949	56	51.9	27.7	57.4	43.7	28.9	NA
Urban	929	57.6	51.5	17.7	50.9	74.7	67.5	NA
Andhra Pradesh	993	55.6	50.9	23.3	62.9	86.0	64.4	110
Arunachal Pradesh	938	77.6	74.8	28.0	50.6	35.5	28.5	NA
Assam	958	59.5	55.7	39.6	69.5	39.3	22.4	328
Bihar	918	58.5	50.4	34.3	67.4	17.0	19.9	219*
Chhattisgarh	991	56.6	51.0	2.07	57.5	54.2	14.3	NA
Delhi	868	67.4	58.7	17.8	44.3	75.1	58.9	NA
Goa	973	59.9	51.9	10.4	38	94.9	92.3	NA
Gujarat	919	52.6	47.0	22.2	55.3	67.5	52.7	122
Haryana	879	58.3	51.2	19.2	56.1	59.2	35.7	146
Himachal Pradesh	972	59.7	56.6	18.9	43.3	62.6	43.0	NA
Jammu & Kashmir	889	65.8	58.6	19.5	52.1	73.5	50.2	NA
Jharkhand	948	56.5	51.7	36.5	69.5	35.9	18.3	NA
Karnataka	973	55.1	49.2	19.1	51.5	79.5	64.7	144
Kerala	1084	60.6	53.9	8.0	32.8	93.6	99.3	66
Madhya Pradesh	931	54.1	50.8	25.6	56	40.7	26.2	230*
Maharashtra	929	54.6	49.3	16.8	48.4	75.9	64.6	87
Manipur	985	74.5	72.0	11.4	35.7	68.6	45.9	NA
Meghalaya	989	79.9	80.1	36.7	47.2	54.0	29.0	NA
Mizoram	976	79.4	75.0	19.4	38.6	59.3	59.8	NA
Nagaland	931	80.2	76.2	NA	NA	32.7	11.6	NA
Odisha	979	58.3	52.0	33.9	61.2	61.8	35.6	235
Punjab	895	57.2	51.2	13.6	38	74.8	51.3	155
Rajasthan	928	53.3	54.4	23.6	53.1	41.2	29.6	255
Sikkim	890	75.9	73.5	25.0	60	70.1	47.2	NA
Tamil Nadu	996	58.4	50.6	16.5	53.2	95.9	87.8	90
Tripura	960	53.5	55.9	35.5	65.1	60.0	46.9	NA
Uttar Pradesh	912	54.4	54.8	24.3	49.9	26.6	20.6	292*
Uttarakhand	963	63.7	57.2	29.2	55.2	44.9	32.6	NA
West Bengal	950	59.4	49.6	32.3	63.2	62.0	42.0	117
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	876	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chandigarh	818	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	774	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Daman & Diu	618	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lakshadweep	946	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Puducherry	1037	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

Access to antenatal care refers to percentage of mothers who had at least three antenatal care visits for their last live birth.

Institutional deliveries refer to live births which took place in a health facility.

Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR) is the number of maternal deaths per 100,000 live births.

Data for Bihar, Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh also includes Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh and Uttarakhand respectively.

20. Incidence of Crimes, Pendency and Convictions (Across States and UTs)

	2012								
	Crimes Under the Indian Penal Code					Crimes Under Special and Local Laws			
	Crime rate (Per Lakh of Population)	Violent Crime Rate (Per Lakh of Population)	Pendency Rate for Police Investigations (%)	Pendency Rate for Court Trials (%)	Conviction Rate for Court Trials (%)	Crime Rate (Per Lakh of Population)	Pendency Rate for Police Investigations (%)	Pendency Rate for Court Trials (%)	Conviction Rate for Court Trials (%)
India	196.7	22.7	26.1	84.6	38.5	301.2	6.6	64	88.6
Rural	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Urban	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Andhra Pradesh	224.5	14.5	27.8	68.5	29.7	64.4	10.2	23.4	87.2
Arunachal Pradesh	192.1	30.0	52.3	96.2	40.5	6.7	60.3	97.6	35.0
Assam	250	54.2	61.2	83.6	10.6	6.4	81.8	89	11.4
Bihar	147.4	30.0	21.7	90.5	15.9	13.7	33.6	90.6	27.9
Chhattisgarh	221.1	19.9	10.9	79.7	46	1069.1	0.1	15.9	98.0
Delhi	283.3	34.7	28.8	87.0	52.4	31.7	63.2	92.5	61.8
Goa	196.7	19.0	55.0	84.9	22.0	127.0	19.3	64.5	61.6
Gujarat	216.6	12.7	12.4	92.9	35.5	387.1	10.6	89.8	64.8
Haryana	240.4	26.7	19.4	74.9	31.8	114.4	6.3	50.8	78.4
Himachal Pradesh	182.6	17.0	22.4	89.8	22.9	49.1	20.2	85.7	41.8
Jammu & Kashmir	206.5	31.3	23.9	81.1	37	16.4	48.3	84.4	50.5
Jharkhand	127.8	25.2	41.1	71.5	23.2	14.0	45.6	71.9	33.7
Karnataka	222.5	28.3	26	71.2	31.5	29.5	20.2	69.4	47.4
Kerala	455.8	42.7	18.1	83.0	65.4	1009.9	2.9	68.7	95.4
Madhya Pradesh	298.8	20.7	5.2	76.2	47.7	141.7	0.3	43.3	88.0
Maharashtra	176.7	23.5	36.3	91.3	9.4	114.2	27.9	88.4	16.3
Manipur	150.3	44.6	86.7	97.3	70	60.2	91.0	96.4	46.2
Meghalaya	96.1	23.5	78.4	97.3	43.3	7.7	79.8	93.6	88.9
Mizoram	173.1	18.4	37	49.5	89.5	68.2	11.8	22.8	86.0
Nagaland	47.7	10.3	23	74.1	85.8	14.2	25.6	55.3	87.7
Orissa	164.8	28.6	29.6	91.1	11	38.8	42.1	90.3	12.1
Punjab	127.4	15.1	38.2	81.1	37.5	84.3	36.5	76.1	76.4
Rajasthan	246.9	15.6	5.6	83.1	61.3	103.4	2.7	69.6	94.3
Sikkim	84.9	17.2	36.8	80.2	38.7	33.8	0	64	50.5
Tamil Nadu	294.8	20.0	35.4	70.4	56.5	807.4	11.3	21.1	89.3
Tripura	170.6	23.5	15.3	68.9	14.9	5.6	20.4	77.7	27.9
Uttar Pradesh	96.4	16.5	13.4	82.5	52.6	791.6	0.7	48.4	96.2
Uttarakhand	87.7	14.8	14.4	75.9	76.3	1249.0	0.4	15.9	99.5
West Bengal	178.2	24.7	32	94.5	10.5	13.6	52.9	94.6	30.4
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	133.4	11.5	51.4	94.6	54.2	427.0	5.8	88.8	96.5
Chandigarh	235.4	21	23.7	80.8	50.5	95.8	22.4	50	96.4
Dadra and Nagar Haveli	84.6	13.8	40.8	91.2	10	5.6	32.5	85.9	8.0
Daman and Diu	83.9	14	35.3	81.0	13.8	4.6	60.0	80.9	0
Lakshadweep	77.9	16.9	55.8	62.6	36.9	39.0	51.5	81.4	75.0
Puducherry	291	19.2	27.8	79.6	79.9	81.4	7.4	48.5	57.7

Pendency rate is the share of total cases pending investigation/trial at the end of the year.
Conviction rate is the share of total trials completed during the year that resulted in a conviction.

21. Prison Populations and Police Strength (Across States and UTs)

	2012					
	Undertrials (% of Total Prison Population)	Undertrials in Prison for >2 Years (% of Total Undertrials)	Prison Occupancy Rate (% of Total Capacity)	Jail staff (% of Sanctioned Strength)	Police Force (% of Sanctioned Strength)	Number of Policemen (Per Lakh of Population)
India	66.2	10.1	112.2	66.3	77.4	138
Rural	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Urban	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Andhra Pradesh	64.4	0.1	88.2	72.6	75.1	113
Arunachal Pradesh	94.4	7.5	126.8	87.7	89.3	764
Assam	61.6	5.8	103.7	95.3	84.3	188
Bihar	85.4	10.8	81.3	21.1	75.5	67
Chhattisgarh	59.5	10.3	252.6	44.6	78.9	174
Delhi	73.4	12.9	193.8	72.4	94.0	398
Goa	71.2	17.3	119.5	90	86.8	294
Gujarat	57.1	15.7	94.8	47.1	73.6	114
Haryana	60.5	6.2	99.9	58.7	79.2	174
Himachal Pradesh	44.5	0.7	105.5	73.7	83.8	209
Jammu & Kashmir	79	25.3	87.7	73.2	93.5	646
Jharkhand	75.2	11.4	124.5	36.8	77.9	178
Karnataka	68.1	6.8	100.3	84	77.2	120
Kerala	60	1.5	104.4	80.2	89.0	130
Madhya Pradesh	51.9	4.6	127.7	92.2	83.3	104
Maharashtra	67	8.8	99.4	77.3	88.7	162
Manipur	72.9	6.3	74.5	73.3	72.7	930
Meghalaya	86.9	15	131.3	97.9	86.3	426
Mizoram	62.3	0.9	65.1	91.4	90.9	1003
Nagaland	63.6	9.1	27.4	99.1	92.8	438
Orissa	71.8	6.2	71.4	88.8	79.8	110
Punjab	66.2	14.6	133.4	65.8	92.2	274
Rajasthan	68.1	12.1	116.6	56	92.4	108
Sikkim	62.7	6.8	114	93.5	80.0	715
Tamil Nadu	60.6	6	60.1	82.6	82.7	139
Tripura	39.1	2.1	68.2	69.6	89.1	639
Uttar Pradesh	67	13.5	169	70	49.7	89
Uttarakhand	52.7	14.8	99.2	40	81.5	178
West Bengal	68.4	10.5	100.7	72.9	76.2	98
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	32.5	28.4	101.5	87.2	90.2	820
Chandigarh	64.4	3.8	73.4	82.5	89.5	393
Dadra and Nagar Haveli	100	0	61.7	-	81.8	77
Daman and Diu	44	0	20.8	83.3	60.7	90
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	-	66.3	522
Puducherry	61.8	0	68	80.6	71.2	154

22. Access to Government Programmes (Across States and UTs)

	2012-13								2013-14
	National Social Assistance Programme			Indira Awas Yojana		Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS)			Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana
	Old-Age Pension Beneficiaries (% of Aged Population)	Disability Pension Beneficiaries (% of Population of Persons with Disabilities)	Widow Pension Beneficiaries (% of Female Population)	Houses Sanctioned (% of Annual Target)	Houses Completed (% of Annual Target)	Households Provided Employment (% of Households Issued Jobcards)	Households Provided Employment (% of Households Demanding Employment)	Households Completing 100 Days Employment (% of Households Provided Employment)	Below Poverty Line (BPL) Families Enrolled (% Total BPL Families)
India	21.5	2.77	0.70	94.4	73.4	38.9	96.9	10.4	53.9
Rural	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Urban	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Andhra Pradesh	19.2	2.85	0.72	102.6	92.8	47.1	100.0	17.3	-
Arunachal Pradesh	49.0	NA	NA	22.9	19.3	68.0	81.8	2.3	-
Assam	28.8	NA	NA	98.9	56.8	30.8	99.0	0.8	52.4
Bihar	49.1	0.96	0.80	91.9	75.9	16.0	95.8	8.6	54.6
Chhattisgarh	31.7	5.41	0.93	153.3	68.3	59.8	96.6	9.3	59.2
Delhi	34.8	10.47	0.85	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goa	1.3	NA	NA	2.2	1.6	16.6	99.8	0.0	-
Gujarat	8.2	0.39	0.01	79.5	51.0	17.8	90.9	7.7	42.3
Haryana	6.7	3.08	0.38	95.4	64.3	39.4	97.3	6.8	30.7
Himachal Pradesh	13.5	0.25	0.27	103.1	100.2	44.9	94.2	7.9	71.6
Jammu & Kashmir	14.2	NA	NA	51.3	30.3	61.3	98.2	10.7	-
Jharkhand	27.0	2.25	0.77	158.9	92.9	35.4	98.9	6.1	50.8
Karnataka	21.4	4.25	0.67	147.8	102.5	24.4	90.7	7.9	-
Kerala	6.1	2.06	0.20	93.5	73.1	60.1	90.1	22.3	84.8
Madhya Pradesh	25.8	9.98	1.04	104.3	122.7	29.3	99.4	5.6	49.6
Maharashtra	10.8	0.07	0.01	103.9	85.9	22.9	98.8	14.2	-
Manipur	36.3	NA	NA	45.2	62.9	95.7	99.8	0.5	48.2
Meghalaya	36.7	3.32	0.52	104.9	42.5	71.0	99.4	15.2	40.9
Mizoram	38.4	3.59	0.16	86.5	85.9	80.4	99.5	19.5	21.7
Nagaland	45.9	4.31	0.21	0.0	0.0	97.2	99.9	13.9	20.7
Odisha	44.6	8.91	0.94	101.5	82.9	25.4	90.5	4.7	65.0
Punjab	5.8	0.60	0.12	16.1	24.8	26.0	97.1	1.6	51.6
Rajasthan	13.3	1.12	0.32	115.3	122.5	42.4	93.0	10.0	72.1
Sikkim	45.9	3.55	0.22	100.0	88.3	67.1	99.0	21.0	-
Tamil Nadu	15.3	7.26	2.16	102.4	47.7	77.4	99.4	19.1	-
Tripura	52.7	3.77	0.41	18.5	0.0	93.0	99.8	37.9	64.2
Uttar Pradesh	24.4	1.35	0.61	68.7	44.5	32.7	94.5	1.4	37.8
Uttarakhand	27.3	1.18	0.24	80.9	80.4	41.7	99.1	5.2	38.3
West Bengal	19.5	2.36	1.69	84.0	79.3	50.8	99.5	4.4	55.3
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	4.0	6.20	0.44	9.3	15.7	26.0	69.2	17.4	-
Chandigarh	5.6	NA	NA	-	-	-	-	-	61.3
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	64.0	NA	NA	0.0	0.0	0.1	50.0	0.0	-
Daman & Diu	9.8	NA	NA	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-
Lakshadweep	14.0	NA	NA	0.0	0.0	22.0	94.3	2.2	-
Puducherry	19.6	NA	NA	0.0	0.0	61.5	99.6	0.0	34.5

Data on National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP) is up to December 2012.

23. Access to Government Programmes (Across States and UTs)

	2012-13							2011-12		
	Integrated Child Development Services				Mid Day Meal Scheme	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan		National Rural Health Mission		
	Anganwadis Providing SNP (% of Sanctioned Anganwadis)	Anganwadis Providing PSE (% of Sanctioned Anganwadis)	Number of SNP Beneficiaries Per Anganwadi	Number of PSE Beneficiaries Per Anganwadi	Children Covered (% of Total Enrolment in Eligible Schools)	Enrolment in Government Managed Primary Schools (% of Total Enrolment)	Enrolment in Government Managed Upper Primary Schools (% of Total Enrolment)	Shortfall of Health Sub-Centres (% of total Requirement)	Shortfall of Primary Health Centres (% of total Requirement)	Shortfall of Community Health Centres (% of Total Requirement)
India	89.7	89.7	62.9	28.7	75.0	64.2	59.4	23	26	40
Rural	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Urban	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Andhra Pradesh	94.9	92.3	51.6	20.0	81.0	52.4	57.0	*	19	44
Arunachal Pradesh	96.8	96.8	38.6	18.9	97.0	78.7	84.2	20	*	*
Assam	50.5	65.4	70.5	29.9	91.0	75.7	60.5	21	*	54
Bihar	87.2	42.8	43.7	49.3	67.0	98.0	96.6	48	40	91
Chhattisgarh	65.9	66.0	58.2	21.2	88.0	77.7	81.3	*	3	23
Delhi	97.5	97.5	83.8	35.0	63.0	59.6	64.3	51	62	100
Goa	100.0	-	46.7	-	93.0	27.5	14.0	*	*	*
Gujarat	96.2	96.2	61.8	28.3	69.0	68.6	65.2	21	19	11
Haryana	98.5	98.5	43.0	15.6	98.0	53.4	53.7	39	32	34
Himachal Pradesh	99.7	99.7	23.1	8.6	97.0	63.5	72.1	*	*	1
Jammu & Kashmir	93.5	93.5	23.8	11.2	60.0	59.1	61.4	37	13	26
Jharkhand	89.8	94.4	69.9	34.6	59.0	78.4	76.2	35	66	22
Karnataka	100.0	103.2	59.9	26.5	90.0	54.5	55.9	2	*	50
Kerala	100.0	100.3	25.8	13.4	92.0	21.6	25.6	*	*	*
Madhya Pradesh	87.3	97.4	90.4	33.2	72.0	65.1	67.3	28	42	33
Maharashtra	96.8	87.3	57.5	31.5	81.0	52.9	26.0	21	17	34
Manipur	85.1	85.1	36.3	18.3	80.0	42.8	23.4	34	15	30
Meghalaya	75.9	74.2	91.0	39.4	93.0	52.2	49.4	50	8	0
Mizoram	98.8	98.8	65.3	28.3	92.0	74.0	72.6	*	*	*
Nagaland	100.0	100.0	65.0	37.0	100.0	50.1	41.9	15	*	*
Odisha	94.9	94.2	56.7	21.6	88.0	88.0	78.8	18	6	*
Punjab	100.0	100.0	39.3	17.1	84.0	51.5	56.6	15	22	8
Rajasthan	96.4	96.2	49.9	19.0	69.0	54.8	53.4	24	34	34
Sikkim	100.0	100.0	17.6	11.9	96.0	70.8	82.6	3	*	60
Tamil Nadu	98.0	98.0	45.2	21.5	87.0	37.3	45.5	*	2	*
Tripura	99.9	99.9	30.4	15.8	73.0	86.9	90.5	20	41	64
Uttar Pradesh	99.5	103.6	100.0	44.7	54.0	53.1	42.8	34	29	60
Uttarakhand	56.8	64.3	18.5	15.6	75.0	50.5	54.3	21	27	32
West Bengal	76.2	83.3	77.1	35.0	91.0	88.1	92.6	21	58	36
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	97.9	97.9	20.5	6.5	72.0	73.9	82.6	*	*	*
Chandigarh	100.0	100.0	82.6	35.0	43.0	66.8	69.5	*	0	*
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	100.0	100.0	56.7	25.0	77.0	74.0	84.4	7	25	50
Daman & Diu	100.0	100.0	51.8	22.6	76.0	57.2	63.6	*	*	*
Lakshadweep	100.0	100.0	44.5	21.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	*	*	*
Puduchery	100.0	100.0	35.2	3.1	66.0	27.6	42.7	35	*	*

SNP is Supplementary Nutrition Programme and PSE is Pre-School Education.

* denotes that the relevant health facility is in surplus of the total requirement

24. Proportion of Social Sector Expenditure (Across States and UTs)

	2012-13 (RE)					
	Social Sector Expenditure (% of Gross State Domestic Product)	Expenditure on Education (% of Gross State Domestic Product)	Expenditure on Health and Family Welfare (% of Gross State Domestic Product)	Social Sector Expenditure (% of Aggregate Disbursements)	Expenditure on Education (% of Aggregate Disbursements)	Expenditure on Health and Family Welfare (% of Aggregate Disbursements)
India	6.7	2.8	0.7	40.4	16.6	4.4
Rural	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Urban	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Andhra Pradesh	7.5	2.5	0.8	40.6	13.4	4.2
Arunachal Pradesh	19.6	7.4	2.8	26.9	10.1	3.8
Assam	11.9	6.4	1.2	38.4	20.5	4.0
Bihar	12.6	5.7	1.0	44.6	20.1	3.6
Chhattisgarh	12.6	4.5	1.0	51.0	18.1	4.2
Delhi	4.3	1.6	0.8	48.3	17.6	9.3
Goa	7.8	3.3	1.3	34.9	14.9	5.6
Gujarat	5.6	2.0	0.7	39.0	14.2	4.7
Haryana	5.6	2.3	0.5	40.0	16.3	3.8
Himachal Pradesh	10.2	5.1	1.5	35.5	17.9	5.2
Jammu & Kashmir	12.3	4.8	2.4	27.0	10.6	5.2
Jharkhand	10.3	3.7	0.9	44.8	16.2	4.0
Karnataka	8.2	3.1	0.8	41.1	15.5	3.9
Kerala	6.0	2.8	0.9	34.7	16.4	5.3
Madhya Pradesh	9.9	3.5	1.0	41.8	14.8	4.4
Maharashtra	5.4	2.6	0.5	43.0	20.7	3.9
Manipur	21.2	8.1	3.0	30.9	11.8	4.4
Meghalaya	17.1	6.8	2.1	41.6	16.5	5.2
Mizoram	28.6	10.8	2.8	38.0	14.4	3.7
Nagaland	17.2	7.9	2.3	28.6	13.1	3.8
Odisha	8.3	3.1	0.7	41.5	15.7	3.7
Punjab	5.7	2.8	0.9	32.6	16.1	5.3
Rajasthan	7.6	2.9	0.9	42.2	16.3	4.8
Sikkim	18.4	6.4	2.5	35.4	12.3	4.9
Tamil Nadu	6.9	2.6	0.8	38.9	14.6	4.3
Tripura	16.5	5.9	2.4	44.2	15.9	6.4
Uttar Pradesh	9.8	4.3	1.3	40.3	17.7	5.2
Uttarakhand	8.5	4.2	1.2	41.2	20.2	5.9
West Bengal	6.9	3.0	0.7	42.8	18.5	4.2
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chandigarh	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Daman & Diu	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lakshadweep	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Puducherry	8.7	3.1	1.8	39.8	14.4	8.1

RE is Revised Estimates.

Aggregate Disbursement is the sum of Revenue Expenditure, Capital Outlay, Loans and Advances, and Debt Repayments. It is used here as a close proxy for Total Expenditure at the state level.

25. Poverty, Inequality and Availability of Assets (Across States and UTs)

	Absolute Change in Poverty Levels from 2004-05 to 2009-10 (% Points)			Change in Inequality from 2004-05 to 2009-10 (%)		2009-10				2011
	Overall	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Size of Landholdings (% of Rural Population)				Assetless Households (%)
						Landless	≤1 Hectare	1.01 - 2 Hectares	> 2 Hectares	
India	(7.4)	(8.2)	(4.6)	3.8	6.6	8.3	72.6	9.7	9.5	17.8
Rural	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	22.9
Urban	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7
Andhra Pradesh	(8.5)	(9.5)	(5.7)	6.7	3.2	7.2	77.0	7.7	8.1	19.4
Arunachal Pradesh	(5.5)	(7.4)	1.4	22.1	40.4	26.8	26.1	18.3	28.9	30.7
Assam	3.5	3.5	4.3	20.9	9.0	7.8	60.6	20.3	11.2	23.6
Bihar	(0.9)	(0.4)	(4.3)	16.2	2.2	20.0	70.9	5.7	3.5	25.6
Chhattisgarh	(0.7)	1.0	(4.6)	(6.8)	(13.8)	21.0	55.9	14.8	8.4	27.1
Delhi	1.2	(7.9)	1.5	(11.1)	8.6	41.8	58.3	0	0	2.9
Goa	(16.2)	(16.6)	(15.3)	(18.0)	(24.6)	17.3	75.6	5.7	1.3	4.6
Gujarat	(8.6)	(12.4)	(2.2)	0.4	4.7	5.4	71.3	7.6	15.7	18.7
Haryana	(4.0)	(6.2)	0.6	(5.8)	9.5	1.8	69.8	11.5	16.8	9.4
Himachal Pradesh	(13.4)	(15.9)	8.0	8.8	34.5	5.7	83.5	7.4	3.4	8.9
Jammu & Kashmir	(3.7)	(6.0)	2.4	12.2	27.4	3.0	86.9	5.7	4.4	17.3
Jharkhand	(6.2)	(10.0)	7.3	6.5	5.2	6.3	80.3	8.3	5.0	21.0
Karnataka	(9.7)	(11.4)	(6.3)	(0.4)	4.7	8.2	67.7	12.6	11.6	14.3
Kerala	(7.6)	(8.2)	(6.3)	19.0	13.3	6.9	88.4	3.3	1.5	4.8
Madhya Pradesh	(11.9)	(11.6)	(12.2)	16.5	4.0	12.3	49.6	13.7	24.5	32.6
Maharashtra	(13.7)	(18.4)	(7.3)	(9.6)	8.6	7.9	61.5	12.4	18.2	19.0
Manipur	9.2	8.1	11.9	16.9	29.5	21.6	63	12.2	3.2	17.2
Meghalaya	1.0	1.3	(0.6)	25.0	1.2	6.1	79.2	9.9	4.8	35.8
Mizoram	5.7	8.1	3.6	16.2	7.0	26.1	63.2	9.0	1.7	19.0
Nagaland	12.1	9.3	20.7	4.6	3.7	9.0	35.7	35.2	20.1	32.3
Odisha	(20.2)	(21.6)	(11.7)	(2.8)	13.6	7.5	73.3	14.0	5.2	25.5
Punjab	(5.0)	(7.5)	(0.6)	8.4	10.8	5.0	73.6	8.8	12.7	4.4
Rajasthan	(9.6)	(9.4)	(9.8)	4.9	4.3	3.4	49.5	19.1	27.9	21.2
Sikkim	(17.8)	(16.3)	(20.9)	9.7	(19.8)	6.3	84.9	7.1	1.7	18.2
Tamil Nadu	(12.3)	(16.3)	(6.9)	(0.4)	(5.2)	2.3	89.2	5.2	3.3	5.1
Tripura	(22.6)	(24.7)	(12.5)	(3.0)	(4.0)	8.6	87.5	3.2	0.7	27.8
Uttar Pradesh	(3.2)	(3.3)	(2.4)	87.2	(5.3)	5.0	78.5	10.3	6.2	11.4
Uttarakhand	(14.7)	(20.2)		3.6	30.8	22.9	72.2	3.6	1.3	13.8
West Bengal	(7.5)	(9.4)	(2.4)	(8.7)	7.9	8.0	88.6	2.6	0.8	22.8
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	(2.6)	(3.7)	(0.5)	1.2	3.6	1.6	83.7	11.2	3.4	8.1
Chandigarh	(2.4)	(24.4)	(0.9)	26.2	9.4	8	91.9	0.1	0	2.3
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	(10.2)	(7.7)	(0.1)	(32.1)	(24.1)	5.7	63.9	29.3	1.2	24.9
Daman & Diu	24.5	31.6	18.6	37.3	9.1	0	99	1	0	7.6
Lakshadweep	0.4	21.8	(8.8)	88.0	18.2	10.8	89.2	0	0	1.9
Puducherry	(13.0)	(22.7)	(8.3)	(9.6)	25.2	0	92.7	2.5	4.9	6.2

All data is at the household level.

Numbers in parentheses are negative values, signifying a decreased in poverty and inequality levels.

Poverty and inequality calculations are based on Mixed Reference Period estimates of Monthly Per Capita Expenditure (MPCE).

Assetless households are those which have none of the following assets: radio, transistor, television, computer, telephone, mobile phone, bicycle or motorised vehicle.

Notes and References

Table -1 Demographic Indicators of Excluded Groups in India (Across States and Union Territories)

Sources: Registrar General of India (2011), 'Primary Census Abstract Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI; RGI (2011), 'Table C-13: Single Year Returns by Residence and Sex', *Census of India 2011*; RGI (2011), 'Table C-20: Disabled Population by Type of Disability, Age and Sex', *Census of India 2011*.

Table -2 Educational Achievement and Access (Across Groups)

Sources: Registrar General of India (2011), 'Primary Census Abstract Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI; National Sample Survey Organization (2012), 'Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Social Groups in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation; NSSO (2013), 'Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Major Religious Groups in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: MoSPI; NSSO (2003), 'Disabled Persons in India', *NSS 58th Round (2002)*, New Delhi: MoSPI; National University of Educational Planning and Administration (2013), *Elementary Education in India: Progress Towards UEE, DISE 2012-13 Flash Statistics*, New Delhi: NUEPA and MoHRD.

Table -3 Labour Market Participation and Employment Status (Across Groups)

Sources: National Sample Survey Organization (2012), 'Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Social Groups in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation; NSSO (2013), 'Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Major Religious Groups in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: MoSPI

Table -4 Employment Share and Nature of Employment (Across Groups)

Sources: National Sample Survey Organization (2012), 'Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: MoSPI

Table -5 Quality of Housing and Access to Public Services (Across Groups)

Sources: Registrar General of India (2011), 'Houselisting and Housing Census Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI

Table -6 Child Nutrition and Health (Across Groups)

Sources: International Institute for Population Sciences and Macro International (2007), *National Family Health Survey (NFHS-3) 2005-06*, Volume I, Mumbai: IIPS; Registrar General of India (2011), 'Primary Census Abstract Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI.

Table -7 Adult Nutrition and Health (Across Groups)

Sources: International Institute for Population Sciences and Macro International (2007), *National Family Health Survey (NFHS-3) 2005-06*, Volume I, Mumbai: IIPS; Registrar General of India (2011), 'Primary Census Abstract Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI; RGI (2013), 'Special Bulletin on Maternal Mortality in India 2010-12', *Sample Registration Survey*, New Delhi: RGI.

Table -8 Crimes Against Different Groups (Across Groups)

Sources: Government of India (2013), *Crime in India 2012 Statistics*, New Delhi: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs; GoI (2013), *Prison Statistics India 2012*, New Delhi: NCRB, MHA.

Table -9 Representation in Prison Population and Police Force

Sources: Government of India (2013), *Crime in India 2012 Statistics*, New Delhi: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs; GoI (2013), *Prison Statistics India 2012*, New Delhi: NCRB, MHA.

Table -10 Availability of Assets (Across Groups)

Sources: National Sample Survey Organization (2012), 'Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Social Groups in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation; NSSO (2013), 'Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Major Religious Groups in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: MoSPI; Registrar General of India (2011), 'Houselisting and Housing Census Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI

Table -11 Access to Government Programmes (Across Groups)

Sources: Calculations based on data from 'State Wise Physical Progress 2012-13', *Indira Awas Yojana*, <http://iay.nic.in/netiay/rural/menurep.aspx> (accessed 30 May 2014); 'R5.1.1 - Employment Generated During the Financial Year 2012-2013', *Mahatma*

Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, http://164.100.129.6/netnrega/MISreport4.aspx?fin_year=2013-2014&rpt=RP (accessed 30 May 2014).

Table -12 Educational Achievement and Access (Across States and UTs)

Sources: Registrar General of India (2011), 'Primary Census Abstract Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI; National Sample Survey Organization (2012), 'Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Social Groups in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation; NSSO (2013); National University of Educational Planning and Administration (2013), *Elementary Education in India: Progress Towards UEE, DISE 2012-13 Flash Statistics*, New Delhi: NUEPA and MoHRD.

Table -13 School and Teacher Quality (Across States and UTs)

Source: Arun C. Mehta (2013), *Elementary Education in India: Progress Towards UEE, Analytical Tables 2011-12*, New Delhi: NUEPA and MoHRD

Table -14 School and Teacher Quality (Across States and UTs)

Source: Arun C. Mehta (2013), *Elementary Education in India: Progress Towards UEE, Analytical Tables 2011-12*, New Delhi: NUEPA and MoHRD

Table -15 Labour Market Participation and Employment Status (Across States and UTs)

Sources: National Sample Survey Organization (2012), 'Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Social Groups in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation.

Table -16 Employment Share and Nature of Employment (Across States and UTs)

Sources: National Sample Survey Organization (2012), 'Informal Sector and Conditions of Employment in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: MoSPI

Table -17 Quality of Housing and Access to Public Services (Across States and UTs)

Sources: Registrar General of India (2011), 'Houselisting and Housing Census Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI

Table -18 Child Nutrition and Health (Across States and UTs)

Sources: International Institute for Population Sciences and Macro International (2007), *National Family Health Survey (NFHS-3) 2005-06*, Volume I, Mumbai: IIPS; Registrar General of India (2011), 'Primary Census Abstract Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI; RGI (2013), 'SRS Bulletin', *Sample Registration Survey*, vol. 48, no. 2, New Delhi: RGI; 'Status of ICDS Scheme

as on 31-03-2013 (Physical Progress)', *Integrated Child Development Services Scheme*, <http://wcd.nic.in/icds/icdsdatatables.aspx> (accessed 30 May 2014).

Table -19 Adult Nutrition and Health (Across States and UTs)

Sources: International Institute for Population Sciences and Macro International (2007), *National Family Health Survey (NFHS-3) 2005-06*, Volume I, Mumbai: IIPS; Registrar General of India (2011), 'Primary Census Abstract Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI; RGI (2013), 'Special Bulletin on Maternal Mortality in India 2010-12', *Sample Registration Survey*, New Delhi: RGI.

Table -20 Incidence of Crimes, Pendency and Convictions (Across States and UTs)

Sources: Government of India (2013), *Crime in India 2012 Statistics*, New Delhi: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs

Table -21 Prison Populations and Police Strength (Across States and UTs)

Sources: Government of India (2013), *Crime in India 2012 Statistics*, New Delhi: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs; GoI (2013), *Prison Statistics India 2012*, New Delhi: NCRB, MHA.

Table -22 Access to Government Programmes (Across States and UTs)

Sources: Calculations based on data from Government of India (2013), *Annual Report 2012-13*, New Delhi: Ministry of Rural Development; 'State Wise Physical Progress 2012-13', *Indira Awas Yojana*, <http://iaay.nic.in/netiay/rural/menurep.aspx> (accessed 30 May 2014); 'R5.1.1 - Employment Generated During the Financial Year 2012-2013', *Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act*, http://164.100.129.6/netnrega/MISreport4.aspx?fin_year=2013-2014&rpt=RP (accessed 30 May 2014); 'Enrollment of Beneficiaries', *Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana*, <http://rsby.gov.in/Overview.aspx> (accessed 30 May 2014).

Table -23 Access to Government Programmes (Across States and UTs)

Sources: Calculations based on data from 'Status of ICDS Scheme as on 31-03-2013 (Physical Progress)', *Integrated Child Development Services Scheme*, <http://wcd.nic.in/icds/icdsdatatables.aspx> (accessed 30 May 2014); 'Annexure-1, Analysis of 4th Quarterly Progress Report of 2012-13', *Mid Day Meal Scheme*, <http://mdm.nic.in/> (accessed 30 May 2014); National University of Educational Planning and Administration (2013), *Elementary Education in India: Progress Towards UEE, DISE 2012-13 Flash Statistics*, New

Delhi: NUEPA and MoHRD; Government of India (2013), 'Rural Health Statistics in India 2012 (updated upto March 2012)', New Delhi: Statistics Division, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare.

Table -24 Proportion of Social Sector Expenditure (Across States and UTs)

Source: Reserve Bank of India (2014), *State Finances: A Study of Budgets of 2013-14*, Mumbai: RBI.

Table -25 Poverty, Inequality and Availability of Assets (Across States and UTs)

Sources: 'Press Note on Poverty Estimates, 2009-10', Planning Commission, Government of India, http://planningcommission.nic.in/news/press_pov1903.pdf (accessed 30 May 2014); 'Gini Coefficient of Distribution of Consumption: 1973-74 to 2009-10', Planning Commission, Government of India, <http://planningcommission.nic.in/data/datatable/0306/table%20106.pdf> (accessed 30 May 2014); National Sample Survey Organization (2012), 'Employment and Unemployment Situation Among Social Groups in India', *NSS 66th Round (2009-10)*, New Delhi: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation; Registrar General of India (2011), 'Houselisting and Housing Census Data', *Census of India 2011*, New Delhi: RGI.